CB "LOCKO-BANK" (CJSC)

Interim Condensed Consolidated
Financial Statements
for the six-month period ended
30 June 2011

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Shareholders, Officers and Auditors as at 30 June 2011

Shareholders	% Ownership	% Votes
International Finance Corporation	15.000%	15.000%
Caplane Investments Limited	13.454%	13.454%
Vios Holdings Limited	13.300%	13.300%
Samsoniawood Holdings Limited	13.246%	13.246%
East Capital Financials Fund AB	11.062%	11.062%
Bulley Investments Limited	7.604%	7.604%
Stanislav I. Boguslavsky	6.744%	6.744%
Yoralin Limited	6.460%	6.460%
Andrei V. Kulikov	5.586%	5.586%
Vladimir Yu. Davydik	4.613%	4.613%
Victor Yu. Davydik	1.923%	1.923%
Anzhelika E. Semenova	1.008%	1.008%
	100.00%	100.00%

Board of Directors

Stanislav I. Boguslavsky Victor Yu. Davydik Dmitry V. Kryukov Eric J. Rajendra Hanna-Leena Loikkanen

Executive Board

Dmitry V. Kryukov	Chairman
Leonid B. Vakeev	Deputy Chairman
Natalia V. Isaeva	Deputy Chairman
Andrey M. Lyushin	Deputy Chairman
Konstantin E. Bogomazov	Deputy Chairman
Pavel A. Voznesenskiy	Deputy Chairman

Auditors

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Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Interim Consolidated Financial Information

To the Board of Directors of CB "Locko-Bank" (CJSC)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of CB "Locko-Bank" (CJSC) and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2011, and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended (the "interim condensed consolidated financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim condensed consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim condensed consolidated financial information as at 30 June 2011 and for the six-month period then ended is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

ZAO KPMG

ZAO KPMG 29 August 2011

	Notes	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 Unaudited RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 Unaudited RUB'000
Interest income	4	2,300,776	1,759,236
Interest expense	4	(1,188,004)	(1,064,423)
Net interest income		1,112,772	694,813
Fee and commission income	5	334,185	228,688
Fee and commission expense	6	(72,890)	(33,204)
Net fee and commission income		261,295	195,484
Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	7	376,299	456,174
Net foreign exchange income	8	107,356	121,771
Loss on repurchase of issued loan participation notes			(3,127)
Other income		59,954	41,797
		1,917,676	1,506,912
Impairment losses	9	(204,149)	(263,767)
General administrative expenses	10	(981,680)	(697,738)
Operating expenses		(1,185,829)	(961,505)
Profit before taxes		731,847	545,407
Income tax expense		(157,700)	(132,626)
Profit		574,147	412,781
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of buildings, net of deferred tax		-	20,156
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	20,156
Total comprehensive income		574,147	432,937

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Executive Board of the Group on 29 August 2011.

forman of the Board

Digitax V. Kryukov

Chief Accountant

Elena V. Kulikova

	Notes	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
ASSETS	-		
Cash		1,070,459	667,661
Due from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	11	1,364,498	4,837,766
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	12	1,952,381	2,143,781
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	13	11,079,411	8,595,114
Loans to customers	14	35,503,899	33,069,837
Property and equipment		420,272	409,668
Current income tax prepayment		11,652	35,055
Other assets	15	177,937	219,576
Total Assets	-	51,580,509	49,978,458
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	13	2,673	532
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions	16	10,900,290	9,907,663
Amounts payable under repurchase agreements	17	4,469,856	2,635,124
Current accounts and deposits from customers	18	20,904,305	24,422,333
Own securities issued	19	8,357,690	6,715,332
Current income tax payable		3,842	23
Deferred tax liability		160,027	134,178
Other liabilities	_	171,976	127,570
Total Liabilities	_	44,970,659	43,942,755
Equity			
Share capital	20	3,381,047	3,381,047
Additional paid-in-capital		67,476	67,476
Revaluation reserve for buildings		190,306	190,306
Retained earnings	-	2,971,021	2,396,874
Total Equity	-	6,609,850	6,035,703
Total Liabilities and Equity	=	51,580,509	49,978,458
Commitments and Contingencies	24-25		

	Notes	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000 Unaudited
Cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	-	(6,272,380)	2,541,316
Cash flows used in investing activities	-	(45,125)	(47,783)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	-	2,500,000	(2,173,063)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,817,505)	320,470
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	27	(64,162) 7,347,779	(125,774) 3,147,218
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	27	3,466,112	3,341,914

	Share capital RUB'000	Additional paid-in-capital RUB'000	Revaluation reserve for buildings RUB'000	Retained earnings RUB'000	Total RUB'000
Balance at 1 January 2010	3,381,047	67,476	154,782	1,591,263	5,194,568
Total comprehensive income (Unaudited)					
Profit (Unaudited)	-	-	-	412,781	412,781
Other comprehensive income (Unaudited) Revaluation of buildings, net of deferred tax of					
RUB 5,039 thousand (Unaudited)		-	20,156		20,156
Total other comprehensive income (Unaudited)	<u> </u>		20,156		20,156
Total comprehensive income (Unaudited)		<u>-</u>	20,156	412,781	432,937
Balance at 30 June 2010 (Unaudited)	3,381,047	67,476	174,938	2,004,044	5,627,505
Balance at 1 January 2011	3,381,047	67,476	190,306	2,396,874	6,035,703
Total comprehensive income (Unaudited)					
Profit (Unaudited)	<u> </u>	-		574,147	574,147
Total comprehensive income (Unaudited)		<u>-</u> _	- _	574,147	574,147
Balance at 30 June 2011 (Unaudited)	3,381,047	67,476	190,306	2,971,021	6,609,850

1 Background

Principal activities

The major operating companies of the "Locko-Bank" Group (the "Group") are the parent company CB "Locko-bank" (CJSC) (the "Bank"), its 100% subsidiaries LLC "OFLK" and LLC "Locko-Invest" and its special purpose entity ("SPE") Locko Finance Plc.

The Bank was established in the Russian Federation as a limited liability company, converting in November 2005 to a closed joint-stock company. The Bank was granted its general banking license in 2003. The principal activities of the Bank are deposit taking and customer accounts maintenance, lending, cash and settlement operations and operations with securities and foreign exchange. The activities of the Bank are regulated by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation (the "CBR"). The majority of the Bank's assets and liabilities are located in the Russian Federation. The Bank is a member of the state deposit insurance system in the Russian Federation. The registered address of the head office is Gospitalnaya str., 14, Moscow, Russian Federation. The average number of persons employed by the Bank during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 was 1,229 (2010: 960).

- LLC "OFLK" was established in the Russian Federation as a limited liability company in March 2002 and started performing active business operations in 2003. Its principal activity is the provision of finance leasing. The average number of persons employed during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 was 8 (2010: 5).
- Locko Finance Plc. is special purpose entity established to facilitate the Group's issue of loan participation notes. The entity is not owned by the Group and control arises through the predetermination of the entity's activities.
- LLC "Locko-Invest" was established in the Russian Federation as a limited liability company in August 2009. Its principal activities are trust management and operations with securities. The average number of persons employed during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 was 15 (2010: 5).

Russian business environment

The Russian Federation is experiencing political and economic change that has affected, and may continue to affect, the activities of enterprises operating in this environment. Consequently, operations in the Russian Federation involve risks that typically do not exist in other markets. In addition, the contraction in the capital and credit markets and its impact on the Russian economy have further increased the level of economic uncertainty in the environment. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect management's assessment of the impact of the Russian business environment on the operations and the financial position of the Group. The future business environment may differ from management's assessment.

2 Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). They do not include all of the information required for full financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010, as these interim condensed consolidated financial statements provide an update of previously reported financial information.

Basis of measurement

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value and buildings are stated at revalued amounts.

Functional and presentation currency

The national currency of the Russian Federation is the Russian Rouble ("RUB"). Management has determined the Group's functional currency to be the RUB as it reflects the economic substance of the majority of underlying events and circumstances of the Group. The RUB is also the Group's presentation currency for the purposes of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Financial information presented in RUB is rounded to the nearest thousand.

Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments made by management in the application of IFRS that have a significant effect on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements is described in note 14 "Loans to customers" in respect of the loan impairment allowance.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. Certain improvements to IFRS became effective from 1 January 2011 and are adopted by the Group since that date. These changes do not have a significant effect on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

4 Net interest income

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Interest income		
Loans to customers	2,186,669	1,643,893
Net investment in leases	62,456	20,017
Amounts receivable under reverse repurchase agreements	38,286	66,211
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	13,365	29,115
	2,300,776	1,759,236
Interest expense		
Current accounts and deposits from customers	479,272	517,225
Own securities issued	353,012	232,364
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions	297,236	307,884
Amounts payable under repurchase agreements	58,484	6,950
	1,188,004	1,064,423

5 Fee and commission income

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Settlements	154,703	99,310
Trade finance and guarantees	66,620	48,956
Cash transactions	54,991	40,938
Currency exchange fees	24,349	33,220
Other	33,522	6,264
	334,185	228,688

6 Fee and commission expense

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Settlements	25,928	13,929
Brokerage	22,108	2,704
Trade finance and guarantees	16,317	8,369
Cash transactions	5,812	5,003
Other	2,725	3,199
	72,890	33,204

7 Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Debt instruments	418,462	420,350
Equity instruments	(42,163)	35,824
	376,299	456,174

As at 30 June 2011 the category Debt instruments in the table above includes interest income (coupon) on debt securities amounts to RUB 419, 689 thousands (30 June 2010: RUB 341,377 thousand).

8 Net foreign exchange income

		Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
		Unaudited	Unaudited
Income or	spot transactions and derivatives	111,398	135,944
Loss from	revaluation of financial assets and liabilities	(4,042)	(14,173)
		107,356	121,771
9	Impairment losses		
		Six-Month	Six-Month

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000 Unaudited	
Loans to customers	200,952	256,961	
Other assets	3,197	6,806	
	204,149	263,767	

10 General administrative expenses

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000 Unaudited
Employee compensation	687,182	454,967
Occupancy	89,655	57,527
Communication and information services	40,911	35,445
Depreciation	35,040	31,011
Taxes other than on income	31,646	25,664
Advertising and marketing	22,745	19,069
Security	19,952	19,919
Repairs and maintenance	11,540	9,566
Professional services	11,470	12,232
Insurance	11,429	8,469
Office supplies	11,131	8,120
Travel	4,209	3,662
Other	4,770	12,087
	981,680	697,738

11 Due from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010	
	RUB'000	RUB'000	
	Unaudited		
Minimum reserve deposit	427,624	234,926	
Nostro accounts	936,874	4,602,840	
	1,364,498	4,837,766	

The mandatory reserve deposit is a non-interest bearing deposit calculated in accordance with regulations issued by the CBR and whose withdrawability is restricted. The nostro accounts represent balances with the CBR related to settlement activity and are available for withdrawal at year end.

12 Placements with banks and other financial institutions

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000	
Not impaired or overdue			
Nostro accounts			
OECD banks	519,034	1,008,617	
Russian subsidiaries of OECD banks	21,464	20,184	
Largest 30 Russian banks	553,131	699,495	
Other Russian banks and stock exchanges	363,717	51,200	
Other foreign banks	1,433	297,782	
Total nostro accounts	1,458,779	2,077,278	
Loans and deposits			
Largest 30 Russian banks	161,230	12,191	
Other Russian banks	332,372	54,312	
Total loans and deposits	493,602	66,503	
	1,952,381	2,143,781	

Concentration of placements with banks and other financial institutions

As at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 the Group has placements with banks and other financial institutions, which individually comprised more than 10% of placements with banks and other financial institutions. The gross value of these balances as at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follows:

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010
	RUB'000	RUB'000
	Unaudited	
The Bank for Foreign Economic Affairs (VEB)	342,821	320,121
Deutsche Bank Americas Trust Company, New York, USA	267,476	514,919
CJSC MICEX	245,192	-
Rosbank (OJSC JSCB)	-	372,548
Commerzbank AG, Frankfurt am Main, Germany		426,615
	855,489	1,634,203

Nil balances in the table above denote that placements with the specified banks and other financial institutions do not individually comprise more than 10% of placements with banks and other financial institutions.

13 Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Assets		
Held by the Group		
Debt and other fixed-income instruments - Government and municipal bonds		
Russian Government Federal bonds (OFZ)	184,990	101,352
Municipal bonds	1,601	8,193
Total government and municipal bonds	186,591	109,545
- Corporate bonds		
Rated BBB- to BBB+	717,874	778,340
Rated BB- to BB+	367,767	566,410
Rated B- to B+	1,062,168	919,935
Not rated	712,227	424,639
Total corporate bonds	2,860,036	2,689,324
- Promissory notes		
Rated BBB- to BBB+	-	147,903
Rated BB- to BB+	469,238	510,164
Rated B- to B+	506,884	560,499
Total promissory notes	976,122	1,218,566
Equity investments		
Corporate shares	368,377	210,398
Derivative financial instruments		
Foreign currency contracts	4,535	1,278
	4,395,661	4,229,111
Blocked for undrawn facilities from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		
Debt and other fixed-income instruments		
- Corporate bonds		
Rated BBB- to BBB+	618,502	311,328
Rated BB- to BB+	717,140	438,325
Rated B- to B+	512,509	378,988
Not rated	-	279,553
	1,848,151	1,408,194
Pledged under sale and repurchase agreements		
Debt and other fixed-income instruments		
- Government and municipal bonds		
Russian Government Federal bonds (OFZ)	1,806,684	-
Municipal bonds	63,304	
Total government and municipal bonds	1,869,988	-

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
- Corporate bonds		
Rated A- to A+	-	429,594
Rated BBB- to BBB+	852,090	1,427,009
Rated BB- to BB+	725,123	503,548
Rated B- to B+	1,103,102	519,188
Not rated	285,296	78,470
Total corporate bonds	2,965,611	2,957,809
	4,835,599	2,957,809
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,079,411	8,595,114

All financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are classified as held for trading.

As of 30 June 2011 financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss that were listed in the Lombard list of the CBR amount to RUB 8,106,637 thousand (31 December 2010: RUB 5,666,726 thousand).

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010
	RUB'000	RUB'000
	Unaudited	
Liabilities		
Derivative financial instruments		
Foreign currency contracts	2,673	532

Foreign currency contracts

The table below summarises, by major currencies, the contractual amounts of forward exchange contracts outstanding at 30 June 2011 with details of the contractual exchange rates and remaining periods to maturity. Foreign currency amounts presented below are translated at rates ruling at the reporting date. The resultant unrealised gains and losses on these unmatured contracts, along with the amounts payable and receivable on the matured but unsettled contracts, are recognised in profit or loss and in financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate.

	Notional amount		Weighted average contractua exchange rates	
	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000	30 June 2011 Unaudited	31 December 2010
Buy USD sell RUB				
Less than three months	454,124	-	28.07	-
Sell USD buy RUB				
Less than three months	22,334	124,358	27.92	30.52
Buy Euros sell RUB				
Less than three months	916,963	112,835	40.39	40.30

	Notional amount		Weighted average contractual exchange rates	
	30 June 2011 RUB'000	31 December 2010 RUB'000	30 June 2011	31 December 2010
	Unaudited	KUD UUU	Unaudited	
Sell Euros buy RUB				
Less than three months	4,043	32,472	40.43	40.59
Buy USD sell Euros				
Less than three months	230,643	-	0.69	-
Buy Euros sell USD				
Less than three months	109,252	-	1.44	-

14 Loans to customers

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Commercial loans		
Large sized enterprises	11,904,686	11,677,991
Upper stratum of medium sized enterprises	11,669,066	11,866,003
Lower stratum of medium sized enterprises	4,127,074	3,753,495
Small enterprises	3,657,737	3,241,475
Total loans to legal entities	31,358,563	30,538,964
Individuals	5,667,514	3,893,362
Gross loans to customers	37,026,077	34,432,326
Impairment allowance	(1,522,178)	(1,362,489)
Net loans to customers	35,503,899	33,069,837

Movements in loan impairment allowance for the six-month periods ended 30 June 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,362,489	1,597,026
Net charge for the period	200,952	256,961
Write-offs	(41,263)	(209,132)
Balance at the end of the period	1,522,178	1,644,855

As at 30 June 2011, interest accrued on impaired loans net of impairment allowance amounts to RUB 37,773 thousand (31 December 2010: RUB 25,491 thousand).

Net investment in leases

Included within loans to customers are net investments in leases. As at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 the gross investment in leases and the related unearned finance income and impairment allowance are as follows:

	30 June 2011 31 D	
	RUB'000	RUB'000
	Unaudited	
Net investment in leases		
Gross investment in leases	731,527	656,399
Unearned finance income	(167,112)	(171,230)
Net investment in leases	564,415	485,169
Impairment allowance	(3,217)	(3,348)
Net investment in leases less allowance	561,198	481,821

The contractual maturity of the net investment in leases as at 30 June 2011 is as follows:

	Gross lease receivable	Unearned income	Impairment allowance	Net investment in leases
	RUB'000 Unaudited	RUB'000 Unaudited	RUB'000 Unaudited	RUB'000 Unaudited
Less than one year	450,673	(99,652)	(2,001)	349,020
One year to five years	268,149	(65,697)	(1,154)	201,298
More than five years	12,705	(1,763)	(62)	10,880
	731,527	(167,112)	(3,217)	561,198

The contractual maturity of the net investment in leases as at 31 December 2010 is as follows:

	Gross lease receivable	Unearned income	Impairment allowance	Net investment in leases
	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000
Less than one year	330,793	(98,100)	(1,606)	231,087
One year to five years	307,250	(70,011)	(1,637)	235,602
More than five years	18,356	(3,119)	(105)	15,132
	656,399	(171,230)	(3,348)	481,821

Credit quality of loan portfolio

The following table provides information on the credit quality of loans to customers as at 30 June 2011:

	Gross loans	Impairment allowance	Net loans	Impairment allowance to gross loans
	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	%
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
Loans to large sized enterprises				
Loans for which no impairment has been identified	11,904,686	(328,202)	11,576,484	2.76%
Total loans to large sized enterprises	11,904,686	(328,202)	11,576,484	2.76%
Loans to upper stratum of medium sized enterprises				
- not past due	11,630,037	(366,530)	11,263,507	3.2%
- overdue less than 30 days	31,693	(9,440)	22,253	29.8%
- overdue more than 1 year	7,336	(7,336)		100.0%
Total loans to upper stratum of medium sized enterprises	11,669,066	(383,306)	11,285,760	3.28%
Loans to lower stratum of medium sized enterprises				
- not past due	4,046,824	(80,690)	3,966,134	1.99%
- overdue less than 30 days	5,080	(1,209)	3,871	23.79%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	61,245	(26,711)	34,534	43.61%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	5,418	(2,886)	2,532	53.27%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	4,375	(4,280)	95	97.83%
- overdue more than 1 year	4,132	(4,132)		100.00%
Total loans to lower stratum of medium sized enterprises	4,127,074	(119,908)	4,007,166	2.91%
Loans to small enterprises				
- not past due	3,392,912	(100,096)	3,292,816	2.95%
- overdue less than 30 days	40,642	(7,455)	33,187	18.34%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	44,285	(20,817)	23,468	47.01%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	51,177	(30,189)	20,988	58.99%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	28,354	(23,438)	4,916	82.66%
- overdue more than 1 year	100,367	(100,367)		100.00%
Total loans to small enterprises	3,657,737	(282,362)	3,375,375	7.72%
Loans to individuals				
- not past due	5,288,087	(287,168)	5,000,919	5.43%
- overdue less than 30 days	127,331	(13,058)	114,273	10.26%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	126,090	(42,356)	83,734	33.59%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	21,520	(13,582)	7,938	63.11%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	28,536	(22,515)	6,021	78.90%
- overdue more than 1 year	75,950	(29,721)	46,229	39.13%
Total loans to individuals	5,667,514	(408,400)	5,259,114	7.21%
Total loans to customers	37,026,077	(1,522,178)	35,503,899	4.11%

The following table provides information on the credit quality of loans to customers as at 31 December 2010:

	Gross loans	Impairment allowance	Net loans	Impairment allowance to gross loans
	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	%
Loans to large sized enterprises				
Loans for which no impairment has been identified	11,677,991	(299,309)	11,378,682	2.56%
Total loans to large sized enterprises	11,677,991	(299,309)	11,378,682	2.56%
Loans to upper stratum of medium sized	_			
enterprises				
- not past due	11,858,667	(434,679)	11,423,988	3.67%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	7,336	(7,336)		100.00%
Total loans to upper stratum of medium sized enterprises	11,866,003	(442,015)	11,423,988	3.73%
Loans to lower stratum of medium sized				
enterprises	2 722 077	(7.4.405)	2 (57 572	2.000/
- not past due	3,732,067	(74,495)	3,657,572	2.00%
- overdue less than 30 days	6,590	(1,224)	5,366	18.57%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	1,656	(740)	916	44.69%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	6,328	(4,707)	1,621	74.38%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	1,640	(1,425)	215	86.89%
- overdue more than 1 year	5,214	(5,214)		100.00%
Total loans to lower stratum of medium sized enterprises	3,753,495	(87,805)	3,665,690	2.34%
Loans to small enterprises			·	
- not past due	2,954,247	(93,748)	2,860,499	3.17%
- overdue less than 30 days	49,691	(8,876)	40,815	17.86%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	55,395	(24,988)	30,407	45.11%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	46,408	(27,383)	19,025	59.00%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	63,751	(54,268)	9,483	85.12%
- overdue more than 1 year	71,983	(71,983)	-	100.00%
Total loans to small enterprises	3,241,475	(281,246)	2,960,229	8.68%
Loans to individuals				
- not past due	3,634,981	(176,425)	3,458,556	4.85%
- overdue less than 30 days	75,249	(6,379)	68,870	8.48%
- overdue more than 30 and less than 90 days	80,575	(17,399)	63,176	21.59%
- overdue more than 90 and less than 180 days	18,033	(9,408)	8,625	52.17%
- overdue more than 180 days and less than 1 year	8,922	(7,721)	1,201	86.54%
- overdue more than 1 year	75,602	(34,782)	40,820	46.01%
Total loans to individuals	3,893,362	(252,114)	3,641,248	6.48%
Total loans to customers	34,432,326	(1,362,489)	33,069,837	3.96%

Analysis of movements in the impairment allowance

Movements in the impairment allowance for loans to customers for the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 are as follows:

	Loans to large sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to upper stratum of medium sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to lower stratum of medium sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to small enterprises RUB '000	Loans to individuals RUB '000	Total RUB '000
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
Balance at the beginning of the period	299,309	442,016	87,805	281,246	252,113	1,362,489
Net charge/(recovery)	28,893	(58,710)	32,103	32,632	166,034	200,952
Write-offs	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	(31,516)	(9,747)	(41,263)
Balance at the end of the period	328,202	383,306	119,908	282,362	408,400	1,522,178

Movements in the impairment allowance for loans to customers for the six-month period ended 30 June 2010 are as follows:

	Loans to large sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to upper stratum of medium sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to lower stratum of medium sized enterprises RUB '000	Loans to small enterprises RUB '000	Loans to individuals RUB '000	Total RUB '000
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
Balance at the beginning of the period	449,964	337,400	75,191	442,940	291,531	1,597,026
Net charge/(recovery)	51,234	154,281	54,617	81,611	(84,782)	256,961
Write-offs	(119,109)		(4,493)	(81,301)	(4,229)	(209,132)
Balance at the end of the period	382,089	491,681	125,315	443,250	202,520	1,644,855

Industry analysis of the loan portfolio

Loans are issued to customers who operate in the following economic sectors:

	30 June 2011		31 Decembe	er 2010
	RUB'000	%	RUB'000	%
	Unaudited			
Loans to individuals	5,667,514	15.30	3,893,362	11.30
Large sized, medium sized and small enterprises				
Construction	4,762,465	12.9	4,887,228	14.2
Food and beverages trading	4,527,409	12.2	4,647,207	13.5
Electric and consumer goods trading	3,689,476	10.0	2,982,799	8.7
Cars, tyres and spare parts trading	3,307,064	8.9	2,251,000	6.5
Rent of real estate	1,616,936	4.4	1,968,025	5.7
Transport	1,605,327	4.3	1,528,691	4.4
Construction and decoration materials trading	1,355,737	3.7	800,554	2.3
Instruments and equipment production and trading	1,332,527	3.6	1,137,326	3.3
Paintwork materials production and trading	1,086,349	2.9	885,306	2.6
Agricultural products trading	940,437	2.5	1,606,567	4.7
Sanitary and cleaning maintenance on transport	817,661	2.2	665,268	1.9
Catering, hotel and entertainment	782,532	2.1	1,357,388	4.0
Production of construction and decoration materials	710,706	2.0	516,612	1.5
Collector services	653,541	1.9	932,512	2.7
Chemicals production and trading	535,637	1.4	863,282	2.5
Household goods	533,227	1.5	520,070	1.5
Textile production and trading	416,137	1.1	384,985	1.1
Food production	314,871	0.9	505,435	1.5
Financial intermediary	310,000	0.8	310,000	0.9
Metal and metal-roll trading	239,579	0.6	168,012	0.5
Rent of vehicles and equipment	169,455	0.3	149,276	0.4
Warehouse services	120,225	0.3	147,511	0.4
Commercial education	60,493	0.2	30,000	0.1
Medication trading	38,478	0.1	332,588	1.0
Other	1,432,294	3.9	961,322	2.8
	37,026,077	100.0	34,432,326	100.0
Impairment allowance	(1,522,178)		(1,362,489)	
	35,503,899		33,069,837	

Geographical analysis of the loan portfolio

Loans are issued to customers, who operate in the following Federal regions:

	30 June 2011		31 December 2	2010	
	RUB'000	%	RUB'000	%	
	Unaudited				
Central Federal region	27,763,778	75.0	27,151,952	78.9	
Volga Federal region	3,883,438	10.5	3,048,253	8.9	
Southern Federal region	1,994,504	5.4	1,508,416	4.4	
North-western Federal region	1,846,774	5.0	1,313,025	3.8	
Ural Federal region	830,781	2.2	850,457	2.5	
Siberian Federal region	706,802	1.9	560,223	1.5	
	37,026,077	100.0	34,432,326	100.0	
Impairment allowance	(1,522,178)		(1,362,489)		
	35,503,899	-	33,069,837		

Loan maturities

The maturity of the loan portfolio is presented in note 28, which shows the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity of the loans comprising the loan portfolio. Due to the short-term nature of the loans issued by the Group, it is likely that many of the loans to customers will be prolonged on maturity. Accordingly, the effective maturity of the loan portfolio may be significantly longer than the classification indicated based on contractual terms.

15 Other assets

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Advances and accounts receivable	38,622	44,510
Receivables under agreement for sale of promissory notes	35,355	54,000
VAT receivable	32,825	35,397
Settlement commission	24,249	15,769
Penalty fees and commissions on loan agreements	9,874	10,275
Collateral accepted as security for commercial loans	7,021	6,146
Settlements with suppliers, customers and sub-contractors	6,688	32,858
Assets for leasing	2,237	2,237
Other	21,066	18,384
	177,937	219,576
Analysis of movements in the impairment allowance:		
	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2011 RUB'000	Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2010 RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Balance at the beginning of period	-	-
Net charge	3,197	6,806
Write-offs	(3,197)	(6,806)
Balance at the end of period	-	-

Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions

30 June 2011	31 December 2010
RUB'000	RUB'000
Unaudited	
4,510,005	4,754,738
3,156,833	2,056,650
1,550,053	1,744,683
1,117,314	736,208
561,340	609,290
4,745	6,094
10,900,290	9,907,663
	RUB'000 Unaudited 4,510,005 3,156,833 1,550,053 1,117,314 561,340 4,745

As at 30 June 2011 the amount due to IFC and development banks comprises 14 loans as follows:

- 3 loans denominated in RUB from EBRD (RUB 2,364,327 thousand and a current average interest rate of 7.5%);
- 1 loan denominated in RUB from Russian Bank for Development (RUB 1,000,000 thousand and a current average interest rate of 6.0%);

- 7 loans denominated in RUB from Eurasian Development Bank (RUB 409,001 thousand and a current average interest rate of 6.5%);
- 1 loan denominated in USD from National City Bank (RUB 267,619 thousand and a current interest rate of 3.4%);
- 1 loan denominated in USD from IFC (RUB 238,698 thousand and a current interest rate of 4.7%);
- 1 loan denominated in USD from KfW Bankengruppe (RUB 230,360 thousand and a current interest rate of 4.2%).

On 23 February 2007 the Group received a USD denominated subordinated loan of USD 20,000 thousand from EBRD with a maturity in 2014 and a current interest rate of 5.7%.

As at 30 June 2011 the Group had 2 syndicated loans from IFC:

- one tranche denominated in RUB (RUB 90,659 thousand) with a current interest rate of 9.7% and another tranche denominated in USD (RUB 35,535 thousand) with a current interest rate of 3.7%;
- one tranche denominated in RUB (RUB 444,888 thousand) with a current interest rate of 8.2% and two other tranches denominated in USD: RUB 844,374 thousand with a current interest rate of 4.0% and RUB 134,597 thousand with a current interest rate of 4.5%.

Due to banks under post-finance agreements represent financing received from banks for documentary credit transactions.

Concentration of deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions

As at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions, which individually comprised more than 10% of deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions, are as follows:

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010
	RUB'000	RUB'000
	Unaudited	
EBRD	2,925,667	3,118,113
IFC	1,788,751	2,090,872
Russian Bank for Development	-	1,171,323
	4,714,418	6,380,308

Nil balances as at 30 June 2011 for Russian Bank for Development in the above table denote that deposits and balances from this bank did not individually comprise more than 10% of deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions as at 30 June 2011.

17 Amounts payable under repurchase agreements

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010	
	RUB'000	RUB'000	
	Unaudited		
Amounts payable to banks and other financial institutions	4,469,856	2,635,124	
	4,469,856	2,635,124	

Collateral

As at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 the Group pledged certain securities as collateral for amounts payable under REPO deals (refer to note 13).

18 Current accounts and deposits from customers

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Current accounts and demand deposits		
Legal entities	9,523,295	11,203,349
Individuals	857,356	721,735
Total current accounts and demand deposits	10,380,651	11,925,084
Term deposits		
Legal entities	2,805,470	5,806,770
Individuals	7,718,184	6,690,479
Total term deposits	10,523,654	12,497,249
	20,904,305	24,422,333

Blocked accounts

As of 30 June 2011, the Group maintained customer deposit balances of RUB 972,320 thousand (31 December 2010: RUB 2,316,533 thousand) that serve as collateral for loans and off-balance sheet credit instruments granted by the Group.

19 Own securities issued

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010	
	RUB'000		
	Unaudited		
RUB denominated bonds	5,152,891	2,580,275	
Promissory notes	3,204,799	4,135,057	
	8,357,690	6,715,332	

In February 2011 the Group issued RUB denominated bonds. The table below provides a summary of RUB denominated bonds as at 30 June 2011:

Nominal amount of the initial issue	Current issued amount	Issue date	Maturity date	Interest rate	Interest payment
2,500,000,000 RUB	2,500,000,000 RUB	10.02.2011	06.02.2014	8.50%	Semi-annual

Interest rate of 8.50% is determined for the two forthcoming coupons following 30 June 2011. The RUB denominated bonds bear an opportunity for early repayment in February 2012.

In July 2010 the Group issued RUB denominated bonds. The table below provides a summary of RUB denominated bonds as at 30 June 2011:

Nominal amount of the initial issue	Current issued amount	Issue date	Maturity date	Interest rate	Interest payment
2,500,000,000 RUB	2,500,000,000 RUB	29.07.2010	23.07.2015	9.25%	Semi-annual

Interest rate of 9.25% is determined for the forthcoming coupon following 30 June 2011. The RUB denominated bonds bear an opportunity for early repayment in August 2011.

20 Share capital

Issued capital

The authorised, issued and outstanding share capital comprises 2.6 million ordinary shares (31 December 2010: 2.6 million). All shares have a par value of RUB 1,000.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at annual and general meetings of the Bank.

21 Analysis by segment

The Group identified four operating segments that represent key business lines. Each segment reports directly to a responsible member of the Board. Segments and the respective responsible members of the Board are presented below:

- Corporate segment includes deposit taking from and lending to large sized enterprises and upper stratum of medium sized enterprises, trade finance, issue of guarantees. This segment reports to Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board Natalia V. Isaeva.
- Small and medium sized enterprises ("SME") segment includes deposit taking from and lending to SME and individual entrepreneurs. This segment reports directly to the Chairman of the Executive Board Dmitry V. Kryukov.
- Retail segment includes deposit taking from and lending to individual clients, including VIP clients. This segment reports directly to the Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board Konstantin E. Bogomazov.
- Financial segment includes deposit taking from and lending to banks and other financial
 institutions, securities and currency trading, issue of guarantees, trade finance, issue of
 own debt securities. This segment reports to the Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board

Leonid B. Vakeev and the Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board Pavel A. Voznesenskiy.

Segment results are reviewed by the Executive Board at least quarterly. Management reporting is based on accounting records prepared in accordance with IFRS, adjusted as necessary for intersegment settlements in accordance with internal regulations of the Group. Management assesses segment performance using a number of key indicators, regularly monitored based on monthly, quarterly, and annual internal management reports.

Segment information for the main reportable segments for the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 is set below:

RUB'000	Corporate segment Unaudited	SME segment Unaudited	Retail segment Unaudited	Financial segment Unaudited	Unallocated Unaudited	Total Unaudited
Interest income	1,371,637	524,687	336,470	67,982	-	2,300,776
Net fee and commission						
income	166,320	59,324	20,427	17,065	(1,841)	261,295
Net gain on financial						
instruments at fair value				276 200		277, 200
through profit or loss Net foreign exchange	-	-	-	376,299	-	376,299
income	4,996	1,875	23,032	48,454	28,999	107,356
Other income	3,799	6,276	10,998	3,973	34,908	59,954
Revenue	1,546,752	592,162	390,927	513,773	62,066	3,105,680
Interest expense	(159,152)	(9,661)	(321,792)	(697,399)	_	(1,188,004)
Impairment losses	29,817	(64,735)	(166,034)	-	(3,197)	(204,149)
General administrative						
expenses	(165,742)	(178,809)	(270,050)	(94,236)	(272,843)	(981,680)
Operating expenses	(295,077)	(253,205)	(757,876)	(791,635)	(276,040)	(2,373,833)
Inter-segment (loss)/gain	(570,345)	(206,870)	114,475	543,867	118,873	
Segment result	681,330	132,087	(252,474)	266,005	(95,101)	731,847
Income tax expense						(157,700)
Profit						574,147

Segment information for the main reportable business segments for the six-month period ended 30 June 2010 is set below:

RUB'000	Corporate segment Unaudited	SME segment Unaudited	Retail segment Unaudited	Financial segment Unaudited	Unallocated Unaudited	Total Unaudited
Interest income	1,050,031	420,182	193,695	95,328	-	1,759,236
Net fee and commission income Net gain on financial	131,663	34,675	11,756	18,754	(1,364)	195,484
instruments at fair value through profit or loss Loss on repurchase of	-	-	-	456,174	-	456,174
issued loan participation notes Net foreign exchange	-	-	-	(3,127)	-	(3,127)
income	11,994	_	13,705	96,072	-	121,771
Other income	9,967	8,516	16,355	682	6,277	41,797
Revenue	1,203,655	463,373	235,511	663,883	4,913	2,571,335
Interest expense	(175,161)	(8,006)	(341,858)	(539,398)	_	(1,064,423)
Impairment losses General administrative	(205,515)	(136,228)	84,782	-	(6,806)	(263,767)
expenses	(101,513)	(139,350)	(161,265)	(79,304)	(216,306)	(697,738)
Operating expenses	(482,189)	(283,584)	(418,341)	(618,702)	(223,112)	(2,025,928)
Inter-segment gain/(loss)	(314,907)	(175,876)	194,940	246,653	49,190	-
Segment result	406,559	3,913	12,110	291,834	(169,009)	545,407
Income tax expense						(132,626)
Profit						412,781

Segment breakdown of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 is set out below:

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Assets		
Corporate segment	22,862,246	22,802,670
SME segment	7,382,541	6,625,919
Retail segment	5,259,113	3,641,248
Financial segment	14,396,290	15,576,661
Unallocated assets	1,680,319	1,331,960
Total Assets	51,580,509	49,978,458
Liabilities		
Corporate segment	11,691,876	16,091,993
SME segment	1,334,821	1,157,760
Retail segment	8,575,540	7,412,214
Financial segment	23,032,577	19,019,017
Unallocated assets	335,845	261,771
Total Liabilities	44,970,659	43,942,755

Information about major customers

Substantially all revenues from external customers relate to residents of the Russian Federation and substantially all non-current assets are located in the Russian Federation.

22 Risk management

Risk management policies and procedures

The risk management policies aim to identify, analyse and manage the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to continuously monitor risk levels and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and procedures are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions, products and services offered and emerging best practice.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the oversight of the risk management framework, overseeing the management of key risks and reviewing its risk management policies and procedures as well as approving significantly large exposures.

The Executive Board is responsible for monitoring and implementation of risk mitigation measures and making sure that the Group operates within the established risk parameters. The Executive Board is also responsible for the overall risk management and compliance functions, ensuring the implementation of common principles and methods for identifying, measuring, managing and reporting both financial and non-financial risks.

Credit, market and liquidity risks both at portfolio and transactional levels are managed and controlled through a system of Credit Committees and an Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO"). In order to facilitate efficient and effective decision-making, the Group has established a hierarchy of credit committees depending on the type and amount of the exposure.

Both external and internal risk factors are identified and managed throughout the organisational structure. Apart from the standard credit and market risk analysis, the Risk Control Department and Treasury Department monitors financial and non-financial risks by holding regular meetings with operational units in order to obtain expert judgments in their areas of expertise.

Audit and Risk Committee ("ARCO")

ARCO is responsible for monitoring of and control over the accuracy of the financial statements, analysis of the internal financial control system, risk management system and efficiency of internal audit. This committee advises the Board of Directors on terms of appointment of external auditors and monitors external auditors' performance. ARCO reports directly to the Board of Directors.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. Market risk arises from open positions in interest rate, currency and equity financial instruments, which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility of market prices.

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, whilst optimizing the return on risk.

Overall authority for market risk is vested in ALCO, chaired by the Chairman of the Executive Board. Market risk limits are approved by ALCO based on recommendations of the Treasury Department.

The Group manages its market risk by setting open position limits in relation to financial instruments, interest rate maturity and currency positions and stop-loss limits which are monitored on a regular basis and reviewed and approved by the ALCO.

The management of the interest rate risk component of market risk is monitored by interest rate gap analysis and is supplemented by monitoring the sensitivity of the net interest margin to various standard and non-standard interest rate scenarios.

The Group also utilizes Value-at-Risk ("VaR") methodology to monitor market risk of its trading positions.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. Interest margins may increase as a result of such changes but may also reduce or create losses in the event that unexpected movements arise. Interest rate risk arises when the actual or forecasted assets of a given maturity period are either greater or less than the actual or forecasted liabilities in that maturity period.

Currency risk

The Group has assets and liabilities denominated in several foreign currencies.

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Although the Group hedges its exposure to currency risk, such activities do not qualify as hedging relationships in accordance with IFRS. For further information on the exposure to currency risk at 30 June 2011 refer to notes 13 and 29.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group has policies and procedures for the management of credit exposures (both for recognised financial assets and unrecognised

contractual commitments), including guidelines to limit portfolio concentration and the establishment of Credit Committees at various levels, which actively monitor credit risk in accordance with authority delegated to them. The credit policy is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors. Members of the Credit Committees are approved by the Executive Board.

The credit policy establishes:

- general approaches for issuing loans to various segments of legal entities and individuals;
- procedures for review and approval of loan/credit applications;
- methodology for the credit assessment of borrowers (corporate, SME and individuals);
- methodology for the credit assessment of counterparties, issuers and insurance companies;
- methodology for the evaluation of collateral;
- credit documentation requirements;
- procedures for the ongoing monitoring of loans and other credit exposures;
- requirements for concentration risk of loan portfolio in context of industries, credit exposure on one borrower (or group of related borrowers), credit exposure on largest 10 and 20 borrowers (or group of related borrowers).

The Group grants loans to large sized, medium sized and small enterprises as well as to individuals.

Loans to small enterprises and the lower stratum of medium sized enterprises are issued by specialized local subdivisions of the Group which operate in all regions in which the Group is present.

There are several levels of decision making limits regarding loans approval to small enterprises and lower stratum of medium sized enterprises.

Authorization powers for decision making regarding loans approval:

- For loans over 1.5 million RUB but not exceeding 5 million RUB authorization powers for decision making regarding standardised loan products are vested with a range of regional branch directors;
- For loans not exceeding 7 million RUB authorization powers for decision making regarding loan issue are vested with heads of the Risk Control Department;
- For loans not exceeding 35 million RUB authorization powers for decision making regarding loan issue are vested with the Small Credit Committee;
- For loans exceeding 35 million RUB authorization powers for decision making regarding loan issue are vested with the Credit Committee.

All the loan/credit applications exceeding 7 million RUB are subject for control (underwriting) of the Risk Control Department. All the decisions to grant loans exceeding 7 million RUB are taken considering motivated judgement by the Risk Control Department.

Loan monitoring is performed in compliance with internal regulations of the Group. Frequency of monitoring of financial position and collateral depends upon credit risk concentration and level of credit risk of the client.

A special unit within the SME Lending Department and the Bad Debt Collection Department are responsible for recovery of overdue and impaired loans.

Analysis of loan portfolio credit risk is regularly performed by the Risk Control Department.

Both the Central Office and local subdivisions grant loans to the upper stratum of medium sized enterprises and large sized enterprises. Credit analysis is performed by the Central Office specialists of the Corporate Lending Department irrespective of the location of the client.

The Risk Control Department underwrites the loan/credit applications and produces opinion over the level of credit risk based on opinions of the Corporate Lending Department and other subdivisions.

There are 2 levels of decision making limits regarding loans issuance to the upper stratum of medium sized enterprises and large sized enterprises:

- The Small Credit Committee has authority to approve loans not exceeding 30 million RUB;
- The Credit Committee has authority to approve loans exceeding 30 million RUB.

The Group regularly monitors loans in compliance with internal regulations on monitoring of financial performance and collateral. The monitoring is performed at least once a quarter or more frequently depending on the credit risk exposure and risk of collateral.

Only the Central Office may grant loans to VIP individuals. Major clients of the segment are top management and owners of the organizations serviced in the Group. The client risk is assessed with due regard to the risk assessment of the organization credited by the Group. Income and assets of the client are taken into consideration. Depending on limits either the Credit Committee or the Small Credit Committee decide on granting loans to VIP clients based on opinions of the Client Business Development Department and the Risk Control Department. Risk and lending structure assessment is made individually with the following factors accounted for:

- Confirmation of borrower's income;
- Assets owned;
- Stable and sufficient sources to repay the loan.

There are 2 levels of decision making limits regarding loans issuance to VIP individuals:

- The Small Credit Committee has authority to approve loans not exceeding 30 million RUB;
- The Credit Committee has authority to approve loans exceeding 30 million RUB.

Decisions on granting loans to individuals (retail loans) are made at various levels of the Group's structure depending on limits set in terms of amounts and types of loans (i.e. loans on vehicles, consumer loans, credit cards limits). Decisions are made based on client's credit rating, motivated judgement of the Retail Business Department, the opinion of the Economic Security Service and the opinion of the Risk Control Department. Assessment criteria for individuals include the general assessment of the borrower, his or her personal quality, financial position and professional reputation, assessment of borrower's creditworthness, assessment of the collateral offered by the borrower and also assessment of the factors that may affect stability of the borrower's income during the loan repayment period. All decisions are made by the Central Office.

The Group monitors concentrations of credit risk by industry/sector and by geographic location. For the analysis of concentration of credit risk in respect of loans and advances to customers refer to note 14 "Loans to customers".

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk exists when the maturities of assets and liabilities do not match. The matching and/or controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities is fundamental to the management of financial institutions, including the Group. It is unusual for financial

institutions ever to be completely matched since business transacted is often of an uncertain term and of different types. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses.

The Group maintains liquidity management with the objective of ensuring that funds will be available at all times to honor all cash flow obligations as they become due. The liquidity policy is reviewed and approved by the Executive Board.

The Group seeks to actively support a diversified and stable funding base comprising debt securities in issue, long-term and short-term loans from other banks, core corporate and retail customer deposits, accompanied by diversified portfolios of highly liquid assets, in order to be able to respond quickly and smoothly to unforeseen liquidity requirements.

The liquidity management policy requires:

- projecting cash flows by major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary in relation thereto;
- maintaining a diverse range of funding sources;
- managing the concentration and profile of debts;
- maintaining debt financing plans;
- maintaining a portfolio of highly marketable assets that can easily be liquidated as protection against any interruption to cash flow;
- maintaining liquidity and funding contingency plans;
- monitoring liquidity ratios against regulatory requirements.

The Treasury Department receives information from business units regarding the liquidity profile of their financial assets and liabilities and details of other projected cash flows arising from projected future business. The Treasury Department then provides for a portfolio of short-term liquid assets to be maintained, largely made up of short-term liquid trading securities, loans and advances to banks and other inter-bank facilities, to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained within the Group as a whole.

The daily liquidity position is monitored and regular liquidity stress testing under a variety of scenarios covering both normal and more severe market conditions is performed by the Treasury Department. Under the normal market conditions, liquidity reports covering the liquidity position are presented to senior management on a weekly basis. Decisions on liquidity management are made by the Asset and Liability Management Committee and implemented by the Treasury Department.

Trading derivative liabilities forming part of the Group's proprietary trading operations are expected to be closed out prior to contractual maturity. Hence, in respect of these derivative liabilities the maturity analysis in the previous tables reflects the fair values at the reporting date since contractual maturities are not reflective of the liquidity risk exposure arising from these positions. These fair values are disclosed in the less than one month column. In addition, trading derivative liabilities comprise also derivatives that are entered into by the Group with its customers. In respect of these liabilities, which are usually not closed out prior to contractual maturity, the maturity analysis in the previous tables reflects the contractual undiscounted cash flows as the Group believes that contractual maturities are essential for understanding the timing of cash flows associated with these derivative positions.

Management expects that the cash flows from certain financial assets and liabilities will be different from their contractual terms either because management has the discretionary ability to manage the cash flows or because past experience indicates that cash flows will differ from contractual terms. In the tables below the following financial assets and liabilities are presented on a discounted basis and are based on their expected cash flows.

In accordance with Russian legislation, term deposits of individuals may be withdrawn before maturity. However management believes that in spite of this early withdrawal option and the fact that a substantial portion of customers accounts are on demand, diversification of these customer accounts and deposits by number and type of depositors, and the past experience of the Group indicates that these customers accounts provide a long-term and stable source of funding for the Group.

The Group has undrawn lines of credit with the CBR and other financial institutions. Accordingly, the Group in its liquidity forecasts estimates that the liquidity gaps in the table below will be sufficiently covered by the continued retention of current accounts and deposits from customers, as well as the undrawn credit line facilities from the CBR and other financial institutions.

The key measure used by the Group for managing liquidity risk is the current liquidity ratio calculated in accordance with statutory regulations established by the CBR (N3 ratio). The Group was in compliance with these ratios during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 and the year ended 31 December 2010.

23 Capital management

The Central Bank of Russia sets and monitors capital requirements for the Bank.

The Bank defines as capital those items defined by statutory regulation as capital for credit institutions. Under the current capital requirements set by the Central Bank of Russia banks have to maintain a ratio of capital to risk weighted assets ("statutory capital ratio") above the prescribed minimum level. As at 30 June 2011, this minimum level is 10%. The Bank was in compliance with the statutory capital ratio during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 and the year ended 31 December 2010.

The Group also monitors its capital adequacy levels calculated in accordance with the requirements of the Basel Accord, as defined in the International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards (updated April 1998) and Amendment to the Capital Accord to incorporate market risks (updated November 2007), commonly known as Basel I.

The following table shows the composition of the capital position calculated in accordance with the requirements of the Basel Accord, as at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010:

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
Tier 1 capital		
Share capital	3,381,047	3,381,047
Additional paid-in-captial	67,476	67,476
Retained earnings	2,971,021	2,396,874
Total tier 1 capital	6,419,544	5,845,397
Tier 2 capital		
Revaluation reserve for building	190,306	190,306
Subordinated debt excluding accrued interest	329,960	418,598
Total tier 2 capital	520,266	608,904
Investments in equity of other banks and financial institutions	(31,117)	-
Total capital	6,908,693	6,454,301
Risk-weighted assets		
Banking book	38,143,082	35,804,659
Trading book	9,743,102	7,970,740
Total risk weighted assets	47,886,184	43,775,399
Total tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets		
(tier 1 capital ratio)	13.4%	13.4%
Total capital expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets (total capital ratio)	14.4 %	14.7%

The risk-weighted assets are measured by means of a hierarchy of risk weights classified according to the nature of – and reflecting an estimate of credit, market and other risks associated with – each asset and counterparty, taking into account any eligible collateral or guarantees. A similar treatment is adopted for off-balance sheet exposures, with some adjustments to reflect the more contingent nature of the potential losses.

The Group is subject to minimum capital adequacy requirements calculated in accordance with the Basel Accord established by covenants under liabilities incurred by the Group. Tier 1 capital ratio under these covenants should be not less than 8% and total capital ratio should not be less than 12%. Further covenants require that the Group's statutory capital ratio should not be less than 10% and the capital adequacy ratio calculated in accordance with methodology of IFC, the lender, should not be less than 12%. The Group has complied with all externally imposed capital requirements during the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 and the year ended 31 December 2010.

24 Commitments

At any time the Group has outstanding commitments to extend loans. These commitments take the form of approved loans and credit card limits and overdraft facilities.

The Group provides financial guarantees and letters of credit to guarantee the performance of customers to third parties. These agreements have fixed limits and generally extend for a period of up to three years.

The contractual amounts of commitments are set out in the following table by category. The amounts reflected in the table for commitments assume that amounts are fully advanced. The amounts reflected in the table for guarantees and letters of credit represent the maximum accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counterparties failed completely to perform as contracted.

	30 June 2011	31 December 2010 RUB'000	
	RUB'000		
	Unaudited		
Contracted amount			
Undrawn loan commitments	3,980,578	3,593,657	
Guarantees and letters of credit	3,730,165	4,194,520	
	7,710,743	7,788,177	

The total outstanding contractual commitments above do not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as these commitments may expire or terminate without being funded.

25 Contingencies

Insurance

The insurance industry in the Russian Federation is in a developing state and many forms of insurance protection common in other parts of the world are not yet generally available. The Group has full coverage for its premises and equipment and cash in transit. The Group does not have full coverage for business interruption, or third party liability in respect of property or environmental damage arising from accidents on property or relating to operations. Until the Group obtains adequate insurance coverage, there is a risk that the loss or destruction of certain assets could have a material adverse effect on operations and financial position. Starting from April 2006 the Group has an insurance agreement with Ingosstrakh which gives insurance coverage through a public (or third party) liability policy, bankers blanket bond (BBB), electronic and computer crime insurance (ECC) policies, covering the following risks: public (civil) liability, dishonest or fraudulent acts of employees, loss of money (valuables) and losses resulting from forged or altered valuable documents, securities and counterfeit currency, electronic fraud.

Litigation

Management is unaware of any significant actual, pending or threatened claims against the Group.

Taxation contingencies

The taxation system in the Russian Federation is relatively new and is characterised by frequent changes in legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions, which are often unclear, contradictory and subject to varying interpretation by different tax authorities. Taxes are subject to

review and investigation by a number of authorities, which have the authority to impose severe fines, penalties and interest charges. A tax year remains open for review by the tax authorities during the three subsequent calendar years; however, under certain circumstances a tax year may remain open longer. Recent events within the Russian Federation suggest that the tax authorities are taking a more assertive position in their interpretation and enforcement of tax legislation.

These circumstances may create tax risks in the Russian Federation that are substantially more significant than in other countries. Management believes that it has provided adequately for tax liabilities based on its interpretations of applicable Russian tax legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions. However, the interpretations of the relevant authorities could differ and the effect on the financial position of the Group, if the authorities were successful in enforcing their interpretations, could be significant.

26 Related party transactions

Transactions with the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Total remuneration, included in personnel expenses, for the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board for the six-month periods ended 30 June 2011 and 2010 is shown below:

	Six-Month Period Ended	Six-Month Period Ended	
	30 June 2011	30 June 2010	
	RUB'000	RUB'000	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
Members of the Board of Directors	11,545	8,600	
Members of the Executive Board	29,163	23,363	
	40,708	31,963	

The above amounts include non-cash benefits paid to members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board.

The outstanding balances and average interest rates as at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 for transactions with the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board are as follows:

	30 June 2011		31 Decemb	per 2010
	RUB'000 Unaudited	Average interest rate	RUB'000	Average interest rate
Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position				
Assets				
Loans to customers	116	20.0%	65	20.0%
Liabilities				
Current accounts and deposits from customers	79,524	12.9%	75,611	12.9%
Unaudited				
Unrecognized commitments				
Undrawn loan commitments	3,904		3,721	

Other amounts included in profit or loss as at 30 June 2011 in relation to transactions with the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board are as follows:

	Six-Month	Six-Month
	Period Ended Period En	
	30 June 2011 30 June 20	
	RUB'000	RUB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income		
Interest income	1	822
Interest expense	(4,536)	(4,445)
Fee and commission income	22	141

Transactions with shareholders and other related parties

The outstanding balances and the related average interest rates as at 30 June 2011 and related profit or loss amounts of transactions for the six-month period ended 30 June 2011 with shareholders and other related parties are as follows. Other related parties include entities controlled by shareholders of the Group.

	Shareholders		Other relat	Total		
Unaudited	RUB'000	Average interest rate	RUB'000	Average interest rate	RUB'000	
Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position						
Assets						
Loans to customers	161	19.5%	236,131	13.5%	236,292	
Liabilities Current accounts and						
deposits from customers	132,998	5.3%	176,709	7.1%	309,707	
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial						
institutions	1,788,751	5.5%	-	-	1,788,751	
Unrecognized commitments						
Undrawn loan commitments	1,717		166,993		168,710	
Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income						
Interest income	73		23,194		23,267	
Interest expense	(54,792)		(3,850)		(58,642)	
Fee and commission income	227		5,746		5,973	
Fee and commission expense	(6,055)		(23)		(6,078)	

The outstanding balances and the related average interest rates as at 31 December 2010 and related profit or loss amounts of transactions for the six-month period ended 30 June 2010 with shareholders and other related parties are as follows. Other related parties include entities controlled by shareholders of the Group.

	Shareholders		Other relat	Total		
	RUB'000	Average interest rate	RUB'000	Average interest rate	RUB'000	
Consolidated statement of financial position						
Assets						
Loans to customers	307	18.3%	308,326	13.5%	308,633	
Liabilities						
Current accounts and deposits from customers	152,197	6.3%	207,106	5.8%	359,303	
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial						
institutions	2,124,165	5.4%	-	-	2,124,165	
Unaudited						
Unrecognized commitments						
Undrawn loan commitments	1,669		65,191		66,860	
Guarantees and letters of credit	-		3,767		3,767	
Unaudited						
Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income						
Interest income	57		31,635		31,692	
Interest expense	(28,146)		(3,296)		(31,442)	
Fee and commission income	187		23,101		23,288	
Fee and commission expense	(4,046)		(711)		(4,757)	

27 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June 2011 and 31 December 2010 as shown in the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows are composed of the following items:

	30 June 2011 RUB'000 Unaudited	31 December 2010 RUB'000
	Chaudited	
Cash	1,070,459	667,661
Due from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation – nostro accounts	936,874	4,602,840
Placements with banks and other financial institutions – nostro		
accounts	1,458,779	2,077,278
	3,466,112	7,347,779

28 Maturity analysis

In accordance with Russian legislation, term deposits of individuals may be withdrawn before maturity. However management believes that in spite of this early withdrawal option and the fact that a substantial portion of customers accounts are on demand, diversification of these customer accounts and deposits by number and type of depositors, and the past experience of the Group indicates that these customers accounts provide a long-term and stable source of funding for the Group.

The following table shows assets and liabilities by their remaining contractual maturity as at 30 June 2011. The amounts in this table represent the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and do not include future interest payments.

The table below show all assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2011 by their remaining contractual maturities with the exception of securities included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are approved by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation as collateral for its loans. Such securities are shown in the category "Less than 1 month".

CB "Locko-bank" (CJSC) Notes to, and forming part of, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2011

Assets	Less than 1 month RUB'000 Unaudited	1 to 3 months RUB'000 Unaudited	3 months to 1 year RUB'000 Unaudited	1 to 5 years RUB'000 Unaudited	More than 5 years RUB'000 Unaudited	No maturity RUB'000 Unaudited	Overdue RUB'000 Unaudited	Total RUB'000 Unaudited
Cash	1,070,459	-	-	_	-	-	-	1,070,459
Due from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	936,874	-	-	-	-	427,624	-	1,364,498
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	1,942,351	-	10,030	-	-	-	-	1,952,381
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	8,111,169	168,558	963,165	1,053,979	509,042	273,498	-	11,079,411
Loans to customers	4,592,962	7,652,937	12,126,695	10,213,559	301,704	-	616,042	35,503,899
Property and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	420,272	-	420,272
Current income tax prepayment	-	11,652	-	-	-	-	-	11,652
Other assets	22,730	99,328	35,710	20,169	-	-	-	177,937
Total assets	16,676,545	7,932,475	13,135,600	11,287,707	810,746	1,121,394	616,042	51,580,509
Liabilities								
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2,673	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,673
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions	1,504,153	905,020	5,453,548	3,037,569	_	_	_	10,900,290
Amounts payable under repurchase agreements	4,469,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,469,856
Current accounts and deposits from customers	11,119,543	1,055,456	8,037,770	691,536	-	-	-	20,904,305
Own securities issued	147,071	529,503	1,874,273	5,806,843	-	-	-	8,357,690
Current income tax payable	-	3,842	-	-	-	-	-	3,842
Deferred tax liability	-	-	-	-	-	160,027	-	160,027
Other liabilities	110,470	18,537	42,392	577	-	-	-	171,976
Total liabilities	17,353,766	2,512,358	15,407,983	9,536,525	-	160,027	-	44,970,659
Net position as at 30 June 2011	(677,221)	5,420,117	(2,272,383)	1,751,182	810,746	961,367	616,042	6,609,850
Cumulative liquidity position as at 30 June 2011	(677,221)	4,742,896	2,470,513	4,221,695	5,032,441	5,993,808	6,609,850	
Net position as at 31 December 2010	(74,519)	2,988,852	599,451	720,996	856,853	653.531	290,539	6,035,703
Cumulative liquidity position as at 31 December 2010	(74,519)	2,914,333	3,513,784	4,234,780	5,091,633	5,745,164	6,035,703	
-								

29 Currency analysis

The following table shows the currency structure of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2011:

	RUB RUB'000 Unaudited	USD RUB'000 Unaudited	Other currencies RUB'000 Unaudited	Total RUB'000 Unaudited
Assets				
Cash	808,405	140,372	121,682	1,070,459
Due from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	1,364,498	-	-	1,364,498
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	908,467	764,703	279,211	1,952,381
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	11,003,258	63,225	12,928	11,079,411
Loans to customers	28,295,261	6,214,544	994,094	35,503,899
Property and equipment	420,272	-	-	420,272
Current income tax prepayment	11,652	-	-	11,652
Other assets	171,667	5,141	1,129	177,937
Total assets	42,983,480	7,187,985	1,409,044	51,580,509
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions Amounts payable under repurchase agreements Current accounts and deposits from customers Own securities issued Current income tax payable Deferred tax liability Other liabilities Total liabilities	5,513,705 4,469,856 16,430,271 7,663,787 3,842 160,027 151,583 34,393,092	2,618 4,962,097 - 2,704,417 654,337 - 16,721 8,340,190	34 424,488 - 1,769,617 39,566 - 3,672 2,237,377	2,673 10,900,290 4,469,856 20,904,305 8,357,690 3,842 160,027 171,976 44,970,659
Net recognized position as at 30 June 2011 Net unrecognized position as at 30 June 2011	8,590,388 (1,344,710)	(1,152,205) 553,181	(828,333) 791,529	6,609,850
Net recognized and unrecognized position as at 30 June 2011	7,245,678	(599,024)	(36,804)	6,609,850
Net recognized and unrecognized position as at 31 December 2010	6,630,681	(554,246)	(40,732)	6,035,703